

FIGURE 1. Recommended adult immunization schedule, by vaccine and age group — United States, 2010

VACCINE ▼	AGE GROUP ►	19–26 years	27–49 years	50–59 years	60–64 years	≥65 years
Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis (Td/Tdap) ^{1,*}		Substitute one-time dose of Tdap for Td booster; then boost with Td every 10 years				Td booster every 10 years
Human papillomavirus ^{2,*}		3 doses (females)				
Varicella ^{3,*}		2 doses				
Zoster ⁴					1 dose	
Measles, mumps, rubella ^{5,*}		1 or 2 doses		1 dose		
Influenza ^{6,*}		1 dose annually				
Pneumococcal (polysaccharide) ^{7,8}		1 or 2 doses				1 dose
Hepatitis A ^{9,*}		2 doses				
Hepatitis B ^{10,*}		3 doses				
Meningococcal ^{11,*}		1 or more doses				

* Covered by the Vaccine Injury Compensation Program. For all persons in this category who meet the age requirements and who lack evidence of immunity (e.g., lack documentation of vaccination or have no evidence of prior infection) Recommended if some other risk factor is present (e.g., based on medical, occupational, lifestyle, or other indications) No recommendation

FIGURE 2. Vaccines that might be indicated for adults, based on medical and other indications — United States, 2010

VACCINE ▼	INDICATION ►	HIV infection ^{3-5,12,13} CD4+ T lymphocyte count		Diabetes, heart disease, chronic lung disease, chronic alcoholism	Asplenia ¹³ (including elective splenectomy and persistent complement component deficiencies)	Chronic liver disease	Kidney failure, end-stage renal disease, receipt of hemodialysis	Health-care personnel	
		<200 cells/μL	≥200 cells/μL						
Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis (Td/Tdap) ^{1,*}	Pregnancy	Substitute one-time dose of Tdap for Td booster; then boost with Td every 10 years							
Human papillomavirus ^{2,*}		3 doses for females through age 26 years							
Varicella ^{3,*}		Contraindicated		2 doses					
Zoster ⁴		Contraindicated		1 dose					
Measles, mumps, rubella ^{5,*}		Contraindicated		1 or 2 doses					
Influenza ^{6,*}		1 dose TIV annually							1 dose TIV or LAIV annually
Pneumococcal (polysaccharide) ^{7,8}		1 or 2 doses							
Hepatitis A ^{9,*}		2 doses							
Hepatitis B ^{10,*}				3 doses					
Meningococcal ^{11,*}		1 or more doses							

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NOTE: The above recommendations must be read along with the footnotes on pages Q3–Q4 of this schedule.

1. Tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis (Td/Tdap) vaccination

Tdap should replace a single dose of Td for adults aged 19–64 years who have not received a dose of Tdap previously.

Adults with uncertain or incomplete history of primary vaccination series with tetanus and diphtheria toxoid-containing vaccines should begin or complete a primary vaccination series. A primary series for adults is 3 doses of tetanus and diphtheria toxoid-containing vaccines; administer the first 2 doses at least 4 weeks apart and the third dose 6–12 months after the

second; Tdap can substitute for any one of the doses of Td in the 3-dose primary series. The booster dose of tetanus and diphtheria toxoid-containing vaccine should be administered to adults who have completed a primary series and if the last vaccination was received ≥10 years previously. Tdap or Td vaccine may be used, as indicated.

If a woman is pregnant and received the last Td vaccination ≥10 years previously, administer Td during the second or third trimester. If the woman received the last Td vaccination <10 years previously, administer Tdap